

# CCS tutorial

## Random variables, stochastic processes, Stochastic DT-LTI models

### 1 Random variables

Let us given the scalar-valued Gaussian random variable  $\xi \sim \mathbb{N}(1, 4)$ , and the vector valued random variable  $\eta \sim \mathbb{N}(m_\eta, \Delta_\eta)$  with

$$m_\eta = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \Delta_\eta = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

1. Plot the probability density functions  $f_\theta(x)$  and  $f_\chi(x)$  of random variables  $\theta$  and  $\chi$  in the same coordinate system, where  $\theta$  belongs to a normal distribution with expected value 0 and variance 1 and  $\chi$  belongs to a normal distribution with expected value 1 and variance 5!
2. Compute the mean value and the variance of the transformed random variable  $\tilde{\xi} = 2\xi + 1$ , where  $\xi$  is given above. Is the transformed random variable normally distributed?
3. Consider the vector-valued random variable  $\eta$  above.
  - Are its elements, i.e. the scalar-valued random variables  $\eta_1$  and  $\eta_2$  independent?
  - Compute the mean value and the variance of the transformed random variable

$$\tilde{\eta} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \eta + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Is the transformed random variable normally distributed?

## 2 Stochastic processes

1. Given a scalar-valued white noise stochastic process  $\{e(k)\}_{-\infty}^{\infty}$  with variance  $\sigma^2$ . Let us construct from it a stochastic process by the equation

$$y(k) = e(k) + 0.5e(k-1) + 0.6e(k-2) + 0.7e(k-3)$$

- What kind of process is the stochastic process  $\{y(k)\}_{-\infty}^{\infty}$ ?
- Compute the mean value function  $m_y(k)$  and the (auto)covariance function  $r_{yy}(k)$  of the stochastic process  $\{y(k)\}_{-\infty}^{\infty}$ .

2. Consider the following stochastic process:

$$w(k) = z(k) + 0.1z(k-1) + 0.8z(k-3)$$

where  $z$  is a sequence of independent scalar valued random variables with the same distribution,  $E(z(k)) = 0$ , and  $D(z(k)) = \sigma$ , for every  $k$ :

- What kind of process is the stochastic process  $w(k)$  and  $z(k)$ ?
- Compute the (auto)covariance function  $r_{ww}(k)$  for  $k = 1, 3, -2$

3. Consider the following two moving-average (MA) processes:

$$\begin{aligned} z(k) &= e(k) + 0.6e(k-1) + 0.1e(k-2) \\ y(k) &= e(k) + 0.3e(k-1) + 0.8e(k-2) \end{aligned}$$

where  $\{e(k)\}_{-\infty}^{\infty}$  is a discrete time white noise process with variance  $D^2(e(k)) = \sigma^2$

- Compute the cross-covariance function  $r_{zy}(k) \forall k$ .

4. Homework

Given a scalar-valued white noise stochastic process  $\{e(k)\}_{-\infty}^{\infty}$  with variance  $\sigma^2$ . Let us construct from it a stochastic process by the equation

$$y(k) = e(k) - 0.2e(k-1)$$

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- What kind of process is the stochastic process  $\{y(k)\}_{-\infty}^{\infty}$ ?
  - Compute the mean value function  $m_y(k)$  and the (auto)covariance function  $r_{yy}(k)$  of the stochastic process  $\{y(k)\}_{-\infty}^{\infty}$  for the values  $k = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \dots$ !
  - Compute the cross-covariance function  $r_{ye}(k)$  for the values  $k = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \dots$ !